# **EAST Search History**

| Ref<br># | Hits | Search Query  | DBs                          | Default<br>Operator | Plurals | Time Stamp       |
|----------|------|---|------------------------------|---------------------|---------|------------------|
| 11       | 468  | (composite near3 \$3oxide) with ((surface adj1 area) or "m. sup"?2\$4 or "m2/g")  | US-PGPUB;<br>USPAT           | ADJ                 | ON      | 2006/03/23 12:40 |
| L2       | 1    | l1 and roundness with "0.950"   | US-PGPUB;<br>USPAT           | ADJ                 | ON      | 2006/03/23 12:41 |
| L3       | 2    | (toner and roundness with "0.<br>950").ab.  | US-PGPUB;<br>USPAT           | ADJ                 | ON      | 2006/03/23 12:43 |
| L4       | 9    | (toner and roundness with "0. 950").clm.  | US-PGPUB;<br>USPAT           | ADJ                 | ON      | 2006/03/23 12:43 |
| L5       | 7    | l4 not l3   | US-PGPUB;<br>USPAT           | ADJ                 | ON      | 2006/03/23 12:43 |
| S5       | 1    | ("20050260515").PN.   | US-PGPUB;<br>USPAT           | OR                  | OFF     | 2006/03/23 07:02 |
| S6       | 1    | us-20050260515-\$.did.  | EPO; JPO;<br>DERWENT         | ADJ                 | ON      | 2006/03/23 07:07 |
| S7       | 219  | (composite near3 \$3oxide) with ((surface adj1 area) or "m. sup"?2\$4)  | EPO; JPO;<br>DERWENT         | ADJ                 | ON      | 2006/03/23 07:12 |
| S8       | 229  | (composite near3 \$3oxide) with ((surface adj1 area) or "m. sup"?2\$4 or "m2/g")  | EPO; JPO;<br>DERWENT         | ADJ                 | ON      | 2006/03/23 12:39 |
| S9       | 4    | S8 and toner  | EPO; JPO;<br>DERWENT         | ADJ                 | ON      | 2006/03/23 07:22 |
| S10      | 1    | ("6660 <del>44</del> 2").PN.  | US-PGPUB;<br>USPAT           | OR                  | OFF     | 2006/03/23 07:25 |
| S11      | 14   | etb adj1 "100"  | US-PGPUB;<br>USPAT           | ADJ                 | ON      | 2006/03/23 07:25 |
| S12      | 11   | S11 and toner   | US-PGPUB;<br>USPAT           | ADJ                 | ON      | 2006/03/23 07:25 |
| S13      | 12   | ("20010031415"   "20020076635"   "20020177059"   "20030017405"   "20030054276"   "20030059699"   "20030073018"   "20030099890"   "5776646"   "5827632"   "6248492"   "6338929").PN. | US-PGPUB;<br>USPAT;<br>USOCR | ADJ                 | ON      | 2006/03/23 08:01 |
| S14      | 2    | "6248492",uref,   | US-PGPUB;<br>USPAT;<br>USOCR | ADJ                 | ON      | 2006/03/23 08:01 |



# Periodic Table of the Elements

Point at or click an element from the Periodic Table for more information:



| Group*** | 1                                  | 2                        | 3                          | 4                         | 5                        | 6                         | 7                 | 8                         | 9                        | 10                       | 11                       | 12                | 13                       | 14                | 15   | 16                       | 17                                       | 18                       |
|----------|------------------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|--|--------------------------|--|--------------------------|
| Period   | IA<br>IA                           | IIA<br>2A                | IIIB<br>3B                 | IVB<br>4B                 | VB<br>5B                 | VIB<br>6B                 | VIIB<br>7B        | VIII<br>8                 | VIII<br>8                | VIII<br>8                | IB<br>1B                 | IIB<br>2B         | IIIA<br>3A               | IVA<br>4A         | VA<br>5A   | VIA<br>6A                | VIIA '                                   | VIIIA<br>8A              |
| 1        | $\underbrace{\frac{1}{H}}_{1.008}$ |                          |                            |                           |                          |                           |                   |                           |                          |                          |                          |                   |                          |                   |  |                          |  | He<br>4.003              |
| 2        | 3<br><u>Li</u><br>6.941            | Be 9,012                 |                            |                           |                          |                           |                   |                           |                          |                          |                          |                   | 5<br>B<br>10 81          | 6<br>C<br>2.0:    | 7<br><u>N</u><br>14.01                           | 8<br><u>O</u><br>16.00   | <u>F</u>                                 | 19<br><u>Ne</u><br>20.18 |
| 3        | 11<br><u>Na</u><br>22.99           | $\frac{12}{Mg}$          |                            |                           |                          |                           |                   |                           |                          |                          |                          |                   | 13<br><u>Al</u><br>26.98 | 14<br>Si<br>28.09 | 15<br>P<br>30.97                                 | 16<br><u>S</u><br>32.07  | 17 E S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S | 18<br><u>Ar</u><br>39.95 |
| 4        | 19<br><u>K</u><br>39 10            | 20 Ca<br>40.08           | Sc<br>44 96                | 22<br><u>Ti</u><br>47.88  | 23<br><u>V</u><br>50 94  | 24<br><u>Cr</u><br>52.00  | 25<br>Mn<br>54.94 | 26<br>Fe<br>55.85         | 27<br>Co<br>58.47        | 28<br><u>Ni</u><br>58.69 | 29<br><u>Cu</u><br>63.55 | 30<br>Zn<br>65.39 | 31<br><u>Ga</u><br>69.72 | 32<br>Ge<br>72 59 | 33<br><u>As</u><br>74.92                         | 34<br><u>Se</u><br>78.96 | 35<br>Br<br>79.90                        | 36<br><u>Kr</u><br>83,20 |
| 5        | 37<br><b>Rb</b><br>85,47           | 38<br><u>Sr</u><br>87.62 | 39<br><u>Y</u><br>88.91    | 40<br>Zr<br>91.22         | 41<br><u>Nb</u><br>92.91 | 42<br><u>Mo</u><br>95.94  | Tc (98)           | 44<br>Ru<br>101.1         | 45<br>Rh<br>102.9        | 46<br>Pd<br>106.4        | 47<br><b>Ag</b><br>107.9 | 48<br>Cd<br>112.4 | 49<br><u>In</u><br>114.8 | 50<br>Sn<br>118.7 | $\underset{i21.8}{\overset{51}{\underline{Sb}}}$ | Te<br>127.6              | 53 J                                     | 54<br><u>Xe</u><br>131.3 |
| 6        | 55<br><u>Cs</u><br>132.9           | 56<br><u>Ba</u><br>137.3 | 57<br><u>La</u> *<br>138.9 | 72.<br><u>Hf</u><br>178.5 | 73<br><u>Ta</u><br>180.9 | 74<br><b>W</b><br>183.9   | 75<br>Re<br>186.2 | 76<br>Os<br>190.2         | 77<br><u>Ir</u><br>190.2 | 78<br>Pt<br>195.1        | 79<br><u>Au</u><br>197.0 | 80<br>Hg<br>200.5 | 21<br>T1<br>204.4        | 82<br>Pb<br>207.2 | 83<br><u>Bi</u><br>209.0                         | 84<br>Po<br>(210)        |  | 26<br><b>Rn</b><br>(222) |
| 7        | 87<br><u>Fr</u><br>(223)           | 88<br>Ra<br>(226)        | 89<br>Ac**<br>(227)        |                           | 105<br>Db<br>(260)       | 106<br><b>Sg</b><br>(263) |                   | 108<br><u>Hs</u><br>(265) | 109<br>Mt<br>(266)       | Uun<br>0                 | Uuu<br>O                 |                   | ui3<br><u>Uut</u>        |                   | 0  | 116<br><u>Uuh</u><br>0   | 117<br><u>Uus</u><br>0                   | 118<br>Uuo<br>0          |
|          |                                    |                          | 48                         | <b>5</b> G                | £0.                      | 61                        | <i>K</i> 2        | 62                        | £A.                      | 65                       | K.S.                     | an                | e e                      | 60                | 20   | 23                       | ₹  | j                        |

\*\*\*Groups are by 3 notation conventions.

| * * *                | * *                           | * *                  | * *                    | * Welcome to STN International * * * * * * * * *   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|----------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------|------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| NEWS                 | 1                             |                      |                        | Web Page URLs for STN Seminar Schedule - N. America  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| NEWS                 |                               |                      |                        | "Ask CAS" for self-help around the clock   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| NEWS                 | 3                             | DEC                  | 21                     |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| NEWS                 | 4                             | DEC                  | 23                     | New IPC8 SEARCH, DISPLAY, and SELECT fields in USPATFULL/<br>USPAT2  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| NEWS                 | 5                             | .τΔΝ                 | 13                     |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| NEWS                 |                               |                      | 13                     |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| NEWS                 | 7                             | JAN                  | 17                     | Pre-1988 INPI data added to MARPAT   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| NEWS                 | 8                             | JAN                  | 17                     | IPC 8 in the WPI family of databases including WPIFV   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| NEWS                 | 9                             | JAN                  | 30                     | Saved answer limit increased   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| NEWS                 | 10                            | JAN                  | 31                     | Monthly current-awareness alert (SDI) frequency added to TULSA   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| NEWS                 | 11                            | FEB                  | 21                     | STN AnaVist, Version 1.1, lets you share your STN AnaVist visualization results  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| NEWS                 | 12                            | FEB                  | 22                     | Status of current WO (PCT) information on STN  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| NEWS                 | 13                            | FEB                  | 22                     | The IPC thesaurus added to additional patent databases on STN  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| NEWS                 | 14                            | FEB                  | 22                     | Updates in EPFULL; IPC 8 enhancements added  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| NEWS                 | 15                            | FEB                  | 27                     | New STN AnaVist pricing effective March 1, 2006  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| NEWS                 | 16                            | FEB                  | 28                     | MEDLINE/LMEDLINE reload improves functionality   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| NEWS                 | 17                            | FEB                  | 28                     | TOXCENTER reloaded with enhancements   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| NEWS                 | 18                            | FEB                  | 28                     | REGISTRY/ZREGISTRY enhanced with more experimental spectral property data  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| NEWS                 | 19                            | MAR                  | 01                     | INSPEC reloaded and enhanced   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| NEWS                 | 20                            | MAR                  | 03                     | Updates in PATDPA; addition of IPC 8 data without attributes   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| NEWS                 | 21                            | MAR                  |                        | X.25 communication option no longer available after June 2006  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| NEWS                 | 22                            | MAR                  | 22                     | EMBASE is now updated on a daily basis   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| NEWS                 | EXP                           | RESS                 | CUI<br>ANI<br>V8       | BRUARY 15 CURRENT VERSION FOR WINDOWS IS V8.01a, RRENT MACINTOSH VERSION IS V6.0c(ENG) AND V6.0Jc(JP), D CURRENT DISCOVER FILE IS DATED 19 DECEMBER 2005. O AND V8.01 USERS CAN OBTAIN THE UPGRADE TO V8.01a AT ED://download.cas.org/express/v8.0-Discover/ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| NEWS<br>NEWS         |                               |                      |                        | N Operating Hours Plus Help Desk Availability  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                      |                               |                      | _                      |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
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| agre<br>rese<br>of o | eemen<br>earcl                | nt.<br>n. U<br>ercia | Plea<br>Use f<br>il ga | is subject to the provisions of the STN Customer ase note that this agreement limits use to scientific for software development or design or implementation ateways or other similar uses is prohibited and may of user privileges and other penalties.      |  |  |  |  |  |  |
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| FILE '               | HOM                           | E' EN                | TERE                   | ED AT 08:14:13 ON 23 MAR 2006  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| => fil               |                               |                      |                        | 0050260515/pn<br>ARS SINCE FILE TOTAL  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                      |                               |                      |                        | ENTRY SESSION  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| FULL E               | FULL ESTIMATED COST 0.21 0.21 |                      |                        |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

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| E1  | 1   | US2005260513/PN   |
|-----|-----|-------------------|
| E2  | 1   | US2005260514/PN   |
| E3  | 1 - | > US2005260515/PN |
| E4  | 1   | US2005260516/PN   |
| E5  | 1   | US2005260517/PN   |
| E6  | 1   | US2005260518/PN   |
| E7  | 1   | US2005260519/PN   |
| E8  | 1   | US2005260520/PN   |
| E9  | 1   | US2005260521/PN   |
| E10 | 1   | US2005260522/PN   |
| E11 | 1   | US2005260523/PN   |
| E12 | 1   | US2005260524/PN   |
|     |     |                   |

=> s e3

L1 1 US2005260515/PN

=> sel rn

E1 THROUGH E11 ASSIGNED

=> fil reg; s e1-e11 COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

FULL ESTIMATED COST

| SINCE FILE | TOTAL   |
|------------|---------|
| ENTRY      | SESSION |
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Property values tagged with IC are from the ZIC/VINITI data file provided by InfoChem.

STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 21 MAR 2006 HIGHEST RN 877591-95-2 DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 21 MAR 2006 HIGHEST RN 877591-95-2

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TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH January 6, 2006

Please note that search-term pricing does apply when conducting SmartSELECT searches.

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REGISTRY includes numerically searchable data for experimental and predicted properties as well as tags indicating availability of experimental property data in the original document. For information on property searching in REGISTRY, refer to:

http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/UG/regprops.html

```
1 108501-26-4/BI
     (108501-26-4/RN)
 1 12673-39-1/BI
     (12673-39-1/RN)
 1 147-14-8/BI
     (147-14-8/RN)
 1 159995-97-8/BI
     (159995-97-8/RN)
 1 163332-39-6/BI
     (163332-39-6/RN)
1 169938-64-1/BI
    (169938-64-1/RN)
1 174179-90-9/BI
     (174179-90-9/RN)
 1 174633-44-4/BI
     (174633-44-4/RN)
1 39467-15-7/BI
     (39467-15-7/RN)
1 52337-09-4/BI
     (52337-09-4/RN)
1 58500-40-6/BI
     (58500-40-6/RN)
11 (108501-26-4/BI OR 12673-39-1/BI OR 147-14-8/BI OR 159995-97-8/B
  I OR 163332-39-6/BI OR 169938-64-1/BI OR 174179-90-9/BI OR 17463
 3-44-4/BI OR 39467-15-7/BI OR 52337-09-4/BI OR 58500-40-6/BI)
```

=> d scan

L2

```
L2 11 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN IN Silicon titanium oxide (9CI)
MF O . Si . Ti
CI COM, TIS
```

| Component | 1   | Ratio            |
|-----------|-----|------------------|
| ========= | =+= | ================ |
| 0         |     | x                |
| Ti        | 1   | x                |

Si x

HOW MANY MORE ANSWERS DO YOU WISH TO SCAN? (1).

L2 11 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

IN Silicic acid, iron salt (9CI)

MF Unspecified

CI MAN

## STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE

HOW MANY MORE ANSWERS DO YOU WISH TO SCAN? (1).

L2 11 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

IN Silicon zirconium oxide (9CI)

MF O . Si . Zr

CI TIS

| Component |     | Ratio |
|-----------|-----|-------|
| ========= | =+= |       |
| 0         | 1   | x     |
| Zr        | - 1 | ×     |
| Si        |     | ×     |

HOW MANY MORE ANSWERS DO YOU WISH TO SCAN? (1).

L2 11 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

IN Germanium silicon oxide (9CI)

MF Ge . O . Si

CI TIS

| Component | Ratio           |
|-----------|-----------------|
| ========= | =+============= |
| 0         | x               |
| Ge        | x               |
| Si        | x               |

HOW MANY MORE ANSWERS DO YOU WISH TO SCAN? (1).

L2 11 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

IN Aluminum silicon oxide (9CI)

MF Al.O.Si

CI COM, TIS

| Component                               | 1 | Ratio                                   |
|---|---|---|
| ======================================= | + | ======================================= |
| 0                                       |   | x                                       |
| Si                                      |   | x                                       |
| Al                                      |   | x                                       |

HOW MANY MORE ANSWERS DO YOU WISH TO SCAN? (1).

L2 11 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

IN Silicon tin oxide (9CI)

MF O . Si . Sn

CI TIS

Component | Ratio

| ======================================= |   |
|---|---|
| 0                                       | × |
| Sn                                      | x |
| Si                                      | x |

# HOW MANY MORE ANSWERS DO YOU WISH TO SCAN? (1).

L2 11 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

IN Silicon tungsten oxide (9CI)

MF O.Si.W

CI TIS

| Component | '        | Ratio      |
|-----------|----------|------------|
| ========= | -+====== | ========== |
| 0         | 1        | x          |
| W         |          | x          |
| Si        | 1        | x          |

# HOW MANY MORE ANSWERS DO YOU WISH TO SCAN? (1).

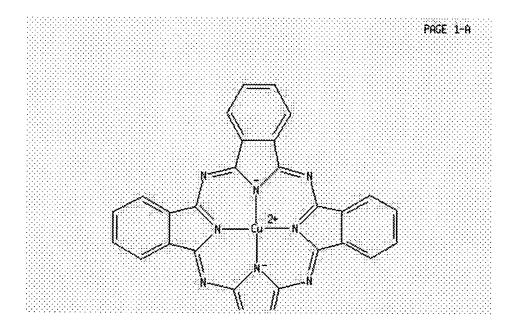
L2 11 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

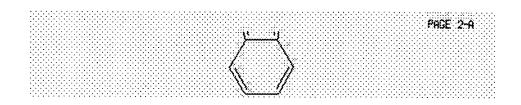
IN Copper, [29H,31H-phthalocyaninato(2-)-κN29,κN30,κN31,.ka
ppa.N32]-, (SP-4-1)- (9CI)

ADDITIONAL NAMES NOT AVAILABLE IN THIS FORMAT

MF C32 H16 Cu N8

CI CCS, COM





\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

HOW MANY MORE ANSWERS DO YOU WISH TO SCAN? (1) end

=> d his

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 08:14:13 ON 23 MAR 2006)

FILE 'CA' ENTERED AT 08:14:34 ON 23 MAR 2006 E US-20050260515/PN

L1 1 S E3 SEL RN

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 08:14:50 ON 23 MAR 2006 L2 11 S E1-E11

=> s 12 and oxide 642465 OXIDE

L3 9 L2 AND OXIDE

=> fil ca; s 13 and toner
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

SINCE FILE TOTAL

ENTRY SESSION

FULL ESTIMATED COST

5.64

8.23

FILE 'CA' ENTERED AT 08:16:19 ON 23 MAR 2006
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3013 L3 31789 TONER L4 36 L3 AND TONER

=> s 14 and area

540507 AREA

L5 3 L4 AND AREA

=> d bib ab 1-3

L5 ANSWER 1 OF 3 CA COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

#### Full Text

- AN 142:325890 CA
- TI Electrophotographic toners with excellent charging stability and full-color image formation therewith
- IN Kato, Hiroaki; Anno, Masahiro; Tsutsui, Chikara; Arai, Takeshi
- PA Konica Minolta Business Technologies, Inc., Japan
- SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 19 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

|      | PATENT NO.     | KIND | DATE     | APPLICATION NO. | DATE     |  |  |
|------|----------------|------|----------|-----------------|----------|--|--|
|      |                |      |          |                 |          |  |  |
| PI   | JP 2005084295  | A2   | 20050331 | JP 2003-315235  | 20030908 |  |  |
|      | US 2005260515  | A1   | 20051124 | US 2004-777104  | 20040213 |  |  |
| PRAT | JP 2003-315235 | Δ    | 20030908 |                 |          |  |  |

AB The toners comprise wet-granulated toner particles with av. diam. 3-8 μm and double-oxide microparticles contg. two or more of Group IVB-VIIB, VIII, IB-IIB, and/or IIIA-IVA metals and satisfying sp. surface area ≤300 m2/g, and preferably satisfy av. circularity ≥0.950. The toners produce full-color prints with no fogging nor filming on photoreceptors or intermediate transfers.

# L5 ANSWER 2 OF 3 CA COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN Full Text

#### EULL IEAL

- AN 141:114028 CA
- TI Electrophotographic black toner containing iron oxide magnetic substance containing titanium
- IN Mizoo, Yuichi; Hasegawa, Yusuke; Michigami, Tadashi; Shibayama, Akiko
- PA Canon Inc., Japan
- SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 39 pp. CODEN: JKXXAF
- DT Patent
- LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

|      | PATENT NO.     | KIND | DATE     | APPLICATION NO. | DATE     |
|------|----------------|------|----------|-----------------|----------|
|      |                |      |          |                 |          |
| PI   | JP 2004198570  | A2   | 20040715 | JP 2002-364738  | 20021217 |
| PRAI | JP 2002-364738 |      | 20021217 |                 |          |

AB The toner contg. a binder resin and a magnetic substance, is characterized by the followings: (1) its wt. av. particle diam. is 5-12 μm; (2) a particle with sphericity (S) ≥0.900 defined by S = L0/L (L0 = peripheral length of a circle equiv. to projected area of a particle image; L = peripheral length of the particle image) is contained in content ≥90 no.% in toner with particles with ≥3 μm; (3) av. sphericity is 0.94-0.97, and (4) its surface is covered with inorg. fine particles. The magnetic substance comprising an iron oxide particle with 0.1-0.3 μm av. particle diam., is characterized by the followings: (a) the particle contains 0.3-1.5 wt.% Ti to its total amt.; (b) the particle satisfies A/B = 0.7-1 [A (%) = FeO ratio to total Fe amt. in 10 wt.% from the particle surface; B (%) = that in residual 90 wt.%]; (c) particle surface is covered with Fe-Zn oxide layer and thereon with Fe-Si oxide layer; and (d) elec. resistivity is 5 x 101 to 5 x

103  $(\Omega \cdot \text{cm})\,.$  It prevents fog and scattering, showing improved durability and blackness.

L5 ANSWER 3 OF 3 CA COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

# Full Text

- AN 138:278380 CA
- TI Support for electrophotographic developer and electrophotographic developing apparatus
- IN Murata, Kazuya; Takagi, Koji
- PA Bridgestone Corp., Japan
- SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 7 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

- DT Patent
- LA Japanese

#### FAN.CNT 1

|      | PATENT NO.     | KIND | DATE     | APPLICATION NO. | DATE     |
|------|----------------|------|----------|-----------------|----------|
|      |                |      |          |                 |          |
| PI   | JP 2003098818  | A2   | 20030404 | JP 2001-245468  | 20010813 |
| PRAI | JP 2001-219179 | A    | 20010719 |                 |          |

AB The support has a core and ≥1 elastic polymer layer contg. 0.5-100 phr of an adsorbent with sp. surface area ≥0.4 m2/g, which is applied around the core. The support is for forming a thin film of a toner on the surface and for transporting of the toner to an electrostatog. latent image for development. Damage of toner on the support contacted with a blade, for regulation of the amt. of the toner, is avoided because the hardness of the support is lowered whereas contamination of other parts contacted with the support is also avoided in the claimed app.

#### => d his

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 08:14:13 ON 23 MAR 2006)

FILE 'CA' ENTERED AT 08:14:34 ON 23 MAR 2006

E US-20050260515/PN

L1 1 S E3 SEL RN

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 08:14:50 ON 23 MAR 2006

L2 11 S E1-E11

L3 9 S L2 AND OXIDE

FILE 'CA' ENTERED AT 08:16:19 ON 23 MAR 2006

L4 36 S L3 AND TONER L5 3 S L4 AND AREA

=> s 14 not 15

L6 33 L4 NOT L5

=> d kwic 1-5

- L6 ANSWER 1 OF 33 CA COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
- TI Magnetic toner containing vinyl polymer
- AB Disclosed is a magnetic toner comprising a binder resin and a magnetic material, wherein (a)  $\geq 1$  binder resin is selected from a vinyl resin having. . . vinyl resin having COOH and epoxy, and a vinyl resin derived from the reaction between COOH and epoxy, (b) a toner has a wt. av. grain diam. 5.0-9.0  $\mu$ m, (c) the toner has a true sp. gr. 1.1-1.6 g/cm3, and (d) the toner has sp. magnetic properties.
- ST magnetic toner vinyl polymer
- IT Electrophotographic developers

(magnetic toners; magnetic toner contg. vinyl polymer) ΙT 25586-20-3P, Acrylic acid-butyl acrylate-styrene copolymer Butyl acrylate-styrene copolymer 26428-43-3P, Butyl acrylate-qlycidyl methacrylate-styrene copolymer 30351-76-9P, Acrylic acid-butyl acrylate-methacrylic acid copolymer 30580-66-6P, Acrylic acid-butyl acrylate-glycidyl methacrylate-styrene copolymer 56790-33-1P, Acrylic acid-butyl acrylate-divinylbenzene copolymer RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); NUU (Other use, unclassified); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (magnetic toner contg. vinyl polymer) 11129-48-9, Iron zinc oxide 12063-19-3, Zinc ferrite 12673-39-1 IT 12789-64-9, Titanium ferrite 25085-99-8, Epomik R140P RL: NUU (Other use, unclassified); USES (Uses) (magnetic toner contg. vinyl polymer) L6 ANSWER 2 OF 33 CA COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN Electrophotographic single-component developer development method for stable supply of toner The title development method utilizes toner particles contg. 40-200 nm AB diam. silica additives and 5-25 nm diam. Al oxide-SiO2 mixed oxide additives, and a specified revolution. . ST electrophotog single component developer development toner additive silica alumina IT Electrophotographic development (electrophotog. single-component developer development method for stable supply of toner) ΙT Electrophotographic developers (single-component; electrophotog. single-component developer development method for stable supply of toner) IT 7631-86-9, Silica, uses 159995-97-8, Aluminum silicon oxide RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses) (additive to toner; electrophotog. single-component developer development method for stable supply of toner) L6 ANSWER 3 OF 33 CA COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN Electrophotographic magnetic toner, its manufacture, developer, and electrophotography using it AB The toner is manufd. by a process comprising steps of (1) adding a flocculating agent into resin particle dispersions and then heating. . the agglomerated particle, and (3) heating the particles B for fusing them. The developer contains a carrier and the obtained toner. Also claimed is the electrophotog. employing the same developer. The toner shows improved developability, chargeability, and good performance in transforming the images on image receptors. electrophotog toner prepn magnetic particle dispersion; developer electrophotog magnetic toner prepn IT Heating (fusing magnetic particles and polymer binder particles; in manuf. of electrophotog. magnetic toner contg. fursed composite of magnetic particles and polymer binders) IT Electrophotographic developers (magnetic toners; manuf. of electrophotog. magnetic toner contg. fursed composite of magnetic particles and polymer binders) ΙT Electrophotographic developers Electrophotography (manuf. of electrophotog. magnetic toner contg. fursed composite of magnetic particles and polymer binders) IT 12673-39-1P, Iron silicon oxide RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PYP (Physical process); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)

(as Si-contg. magnetite, magnetic particle; manuf. of electrophotog.

```
magnetic toner contg. fursed composite of magnetic particles
        and polymer binders)
IT
     438537-48-5P, Butyl acrylate-\beta-carboxyethyl acrylate-1,10-decanediol
     diacrylate-styrene copolymer
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical
     process); PYP (Physical process); TEM (Technical or engineered material
     use); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)
        (binder; manuf. of electrophotog. magnetic toner contg.
        fursed composite of magnetic particles and polymer binders)
ΙT
    1327-41-9, Polyaluminum chloride
     RL: NUU (Other use, unclassified); USES (Uses)
        (flocculant for polymer dispersion; in manuf. of electrophotog.
        magnetic toner contg. fursed composite of magnetic particles
        and polymer binders)
     13463-67-7P, Titania, preparation
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material
     use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (in Si-contg. magnetite particles; in manuf. of electrophotog. magnetic
        toner contg. fursed composite of magnetic particles and polymer
        binders)
    18624-44-7P, Ferrous hydroxide
IT
     RL: CPS (Chemical process); IMF (Industrial manufacture); PEP (Physical,
     engineering or chemical process); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process)
        (in prepn. of Si-contg. magnetite particles; in manuf. of
        electrophotog. magnetic toner contg. fursed composite of
        magnetic particles and polymer binders)
    1344-09-8, Sodium silicate 7720-78-7, Ferrous sulfate
IT
     RL: CPS (Chemical process); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical
     process); PROC (Process)
        (in prepn. of Si-contg. magnetite particles; in manuf. of
        electrophotog. magnetic toner contg. fursed composite of
        magnetic particles and polymer binders)
ΙT
     1310-73-2, Sodium hydroxide, uses
     RL: NUU (Other use, unclassified); USES (Uses)
        (in prepn. of Si-contg. magnetite particles; in manuf. of
        electrophotog. magnetic toner contg. fursed composite of
        magnetic particles and polymer binders)
TТ
     421548-39-2, Neogen RK
     RL: NUU (Other use, unclassified); USES (Uses)
        (ionic surfactant, in dispersion of Si-contg. magnetite particles; in
        manuf. of electrophotog. magnetic toner contg. fursed
        composite of magnetic particles and polymer binders)
    ANSWER 4 OF 33 CA COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
    Negatively charged electrophotographic toner containing certain external
    additive, its manufacture, and full-color image-forming apparatus using it
    The toner contains a colorant-contg. resin particle of which surface is
    covered with additives comprising (1) 2 kinds of silica particles (A). \, .
       Ti, Sn, Zr, or Al, and (3) Al2O3-SiO2 composite oxide particle (C)
    obtained by hydrolysis in flame and hydrophobized. The toner, contg.
     less reversedly charged toner and showing improved transfer efficiency,
     is manufd. by adding A to the resin particle and adding B and C to it.
    The app. involves an intermediate transfer medium for transferring an
    image of the toner on a photoreceptor to a recording material.
    neg charging electrophotog toner external additive; toner additive
    silica particle surface modification; electrophotog toner retransfer
    prevention alumina silica
ΙT
    Color electrophotographic toners
    Electrophotographic apparatus
        (manuf. of neg. charged toner contg. certain external
        additive for full-color electrophotog. app. with improved transfer
        efficiency)
```

```
TΤ
     Polyesters, uses
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (particle, toner; manuf. of neg. charged toner
        contg. certain external additive for full-color electrophotog. app.
        with improved transfer efficiency)
IT
     Belts
        (transfer; manuf. of neg. charged toner contg. certain
        external additive for full-color electrophotog. app. with improved
        transfer efficiency)
     25038-59-9, PET polymer, uses
IT
     RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
        (Al-deposited, transfer belt; manuf. of neg. charged toner
        contg. certain external additive for full-color electrophotog. app.
        with improved transfer efficiency)
IT
     7631-86-9, Silica, uses
     RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); TEM (Technical or engineered material
     use); USES (Uses)
        (optionally titania-modified, hydrophobized, toner; manuf. of
        neg. charged toner contg. certain external additive for
        full-color electrophotog. app. with improved transfer efficiency)
IT
     25586-20-3P, Acrylic acid-butyl acrylate-styrene copolymer
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material
     use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (particle, toner; manuf. of neg. charged toner
        contg. certain external additive for full-color electrophotog. app.
        with improved transfer efficiency)
     701910-46-5, Himer ES 803
IT
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (particle, toner; manuf. of neg. charged toner
        contg. certain external additive for full-color electrophotog. app.
        with improved transfer efficiency)
ΙT
     13463-67-7, Titania, uses
     RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); TEM (Technical or engineered material
     use); USES (Uses)
        (silica modified with, toner; manuf. of neg. charged
        toner contg. certain external additive for full-color
        electrophotog. app. with improved transfer efficiency)
ΙT
     999-97-3, Hexamethyldisilazane 3069-19-0, n-Hexyltrimethoxysilane
     RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); TEM (Technical or engineered material
     use); USES (Uses)
        (silica treated with, toner; manuf. of neg. charged
        toner contg. certain external additive for full-color
        electrophotog. app. with improved transfer efficiency)
IT 159995-97-8P, Aluminum silicon oxide
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); MOA (Modifier or additive use); TEM
     (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (toner; manuf. of neg. charged toner contg. certain
        external additive for full-color electrophotog. app. with improved
        transfer efficiency)
     ANSWER 5 OF 33 CA COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
L6
     The devices for heat fixation of toner images on receptors, have covers
     lined on inner surface with layers of ceramics [e.g., mullite (or
     alumina)-silica solid mixt.] to insulate heat and minimize consumption
     energy. The devices for recovery of residual toners from image receptors
     are equipped with toner-transporting pipes covered with heat-insulating
     ceramic layers externally to prevent toners from sticking onto the pipe
     walls.
     electrophotog toner fusion recovery heat efficiency; alumina silica
     coated electrophotog toner fuser cover; thermal barrier ceramic coating
     toner fuser cover
```

Ceramic coatings

ΙT

(heat-insulating; toner fusers and recovery devices equipped with ceramic coatings for enhancement of heat efficiency)

Electrophotographic apparatus TT

Thermal barrier coatings

(toner fusers and recovery devices equipped with ceramic coatings for enhancement of heat efficiency)

7631-86-9, Silica, uses IT 1344-28-1, Alumina, uses

RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)

(heat-insulating coating layers; toner fusers and recovery devices equipped with ceramic coatings for enhancement of heat efficiency)

IT 159995-97-8, Aluminum silicon oxide

RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses) (mullite-type, heat-insulating coating layers; toner fusers and recovery devices equipped with ceramic coatings for enhancement of heat efficiency)

## => d bib 1 3

ANSWER 1 OF 33 CA COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

#### Full Text

AN 143:336237 CA

Magnetic toner containing vinyl polymer

Taya, Masaaki; Michiue, Tadashi; Shibayama, Yasuko; Sano, Tomohisa

Canon Inc., Japan

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 37 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DТ Patent

LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

|      | PATENT NO.    | KIND | DATE     | APPLICATION NO. | DATE     |
|------|---------------|------|----------|-----------------|----------|
|      |               |      |          |                 |          |
| PΙ   | JP 2005265958 | A2   | 20050929 | JP 2004-74637   | 20040316 |
| PRAI | JP 2004-74637 |      | 20040316 |                 |          |

# ANSWER 3 OF 33 CA COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

# Full Text

- 142:382149 CA AN
- Electrophotographic magnetic toner, its manufacture, developer, and electrophotography using it
- Kubo, Tsutomu; Tanaka, Hiroyuki; Serizawa, Manabu; Kiyonori, Shigeru; IN Taniguchi, Shuichi; Yanagida, Kazuhiko; Matsumura, Yasuo
- PA Fuji Xerox Co., Ltd., Japan
- Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 22 pp. CODEN: JKXXAF

DTPatent

Japanese LA

FAN.CNT 1

| P.     | ATENT NO.     | KIND | DATE     | APPLICATION NO. | DATE     |
|--------|---------------|------|----------|-----------------|----------|
| _      |               |      |          |                 |          |
| PI J   | P 2005099179  | A2   | 20050414 | JP 2003-330465  | 20030922 |
| PRAI J | P 2003-330465 |      | 20030922 |                 |          |

## => d kwic 6-10

ANSWER 6 OF 33 CA COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

. . 80%, dried, and heat-treated 1 min at 180° to give a wiping cloth showing wiping property rating (5 no residual toner, 1 large amt. of residual toner) 4-5 on wiping silicone oil from a glass plate, spreading a toner on the plate, and blowing away the toner from

```
the plate, and exhibiting H2O absorption rate ≤1 s and H2O
     retention amt. 305%, and showing NH3 odor absorption. . .
IT 52337-09-4, Silicon titanium oxide
     RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)
        (deodorant; wiping cloths with good hygroscopicity and deodorant
        antibacterial properties comprising polyamide fibers and polyester
        fibers and having complex oxides contg. silicon and titanium, and
        polymers on the surface)
L6
     ANSWER 7 OF 33 CA COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
     Electrophotographic toner external additive for improving toner
     fluidity and charging property, electrophotographic toner, developer,
     development and imaging apparatus
AB
     The title electrophotog. toner external additive comprises Si-contg.
     oxide microparticles having a primary particle size of 30-300 nm, a
     permittivity of 1.4-3.5, a spherical. . .
ST
     electrophotog toner external additive silicon contg oxide microparticle
     developer
     Polyesters, preparation
ΤT
     RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); TEM (Technical or engineered material
     use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (binder in toner contg. electrophotog. toner
        external additive for improving toner fluidity and charging
        property)
     Electrophotographic apparatus
     Electrophotographic developers
     Electrophotographic development
     Electrophotographic toners
        (electrophotog. toner external additive for improving
        toner fluidity and charging property, electrophotog.
        toner, developer, development and imaging app.)
     Polyethers, preparation
     RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); TEM (Technical or engineered material
     use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (epoxy; binder in toner contg. electrophotog. toner
        external additive for improving toner fluidity and charging
        property)
ΙT
     Polysiloxanes, reactions
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (for surface treatment of electrophotog. toner external
        additive for improving toner fluidity and charging property)
IT
     Epoxy resins, preparation
     RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); TEM (Technical or engineered material
     use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (polyether-; binder in toner contg. electrophotog.
        toner external additive for improving toner fluidity
        and charging property)
     116736-81-3P, Ethoxylated bisphenol A-fumaric acid-propoxylated bisphenol
IT
     A-trimellitic anhydride copolymer 342416-67-5P, Bisphenol
     A-epichlorohydrin-propoxylated bisphenol A diglycidyl ether-bisphenol F
     copolymer
     RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); TEM (Technical or engineered material
     use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (binder in toner contg. electrophotog. toner
        external additive for improving toner fluidity and charging
       property)
IT
     999-97-3, Hexamethyldisilazane 9016-00-6, Poly[oxy(dimethylsilylene)]
     31900-57-9
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (for surface treatment of electrophotog. toner external
        additive for improving toner fluidity and charging property)
IT
     1185-55-3, Methyltrimethoxysilane 7440-32-6, Titanium, reactions
```

7782-44-7, Oxygen, reactions

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(prepn. of electrophotog. toner external additive for improving toner fluidity and charging property)

IT 7631-86-9P, Silica, preparation 52337-09-4P, Silicon titanium
 oxide

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); PNU (Preparation, unclassified); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(surface treated with hexamethyldisilazane; electrophotog. toner external additive for improving toner fluidity and charging property)

- L6 ANSWER 8 OF 33 CA COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
- TI Electrophotographic toner with aluminum silicon oxide external additive and image formation
- AB The toner, for non-contact a.c. development and press-transferring the toner image on a receptor, comprises toner mother particles coated with external additive contg. Al Si mixed oxide particles formed by flame hydrolysis. The toner, for giving image by transferring the toner image onto an intermediate transfer material and re-transferring the image on a receptor, comprises toner mother particles coated with external additive contg. Al Si mixed oxide particles formed by flame hydrolysis, and the friction coeff. satisfies μp > μb (μp = friction coeff. between the photoreceptor and toner image; μb = friction coeff. between the intermediate transfer material and toner image). The toner is transferred at high ratio, toner rejection is decreased, and clear images without central defect are obtained.
- ST electrophotog toner external additive alumina silica; friction coeff photoreceptor toner image intermediate transfer material
- IT Electrophotographic toners

(electrophotog. toner having aluminum silicon oxide external additive)

IT Polyesters, uses

RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (electrophotog. toner having aluminum silicon oxide external additive)

IT 159995-97-8, Aluminum silicon oxide

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)

(electrophotog. toner having aluminum silicon oxide external additive)

- IT 82213-09-0D, Bisphenol A propylene oxide adduct-terephthalic acid-trimellitic acid copolymer, reaction products with polyvalent metal compd. 89993-86-2, Bisphenol A propylene oxide adduct-terephthalic acid copolymer
  - RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (electrophotog. toner having aluminum silicon oxide external additive)
- L6 ANSWER 9 OF 33 CA COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
- TI Electrophotographic toner coated with external additive and image forming method
- AB The toner, for non-contact a.c. development, comprises toner mother particles contg. a releasing agent and coated with external additive contg. Al Si mixed oxide particles formed by flame hydrolysis at coating degree 50-200%. Feathering and toner filming on development are prevented.
- ST electrophotog toner releasing agent; alumina silica external additive electrophotog toner
- IT Electrophotographic toners

(electrophotog. toner contg. releasing agent and coated with aluminum silicon oxide)

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TΤ
     Carnauba wax
     Polyesters, uses
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (electrophotog. toner contg. releasing agent and coated with
        aluminum silicon oxide)
IT 159995-97-8, Aluminum silicon oxide
     RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); TEM (Technical or engineered material
     use); USES (Uses)
        (electrophotog. toner contg. releasing agent and coated with
        aluminum silicon oxide)
IT
     82213-09-0D, Bisphenol A propylene oxide adduct-terephthalic
     acid-trimellitic acid copolymer, reaction products with polyvalent metal
              89993-86-2, Bisphenol A propylene oxide adduct-terephthalic acid
     compd.
     copolymer
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (electrophotog. toner contg. releasing agent and coated with
        aluminum silicon oxide)
L6
    ANSWER 10 OF 33 CA COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
    neg charging electrophotog toner vinyl polymer; electrophotog process
     cartridge vinyl polymer toner; alkyl acrylamide acrylate polymer
     electrophotog toner; methacrylate alkyl methacrylamide polymer
     electrophotog toner
     1344-28-1, Alumina, uses
                               7631-86-9, Silica, uses
                                                          13463-67-7, Titania,
            37220-25-0, .Aluminum titanium oxide 52337-09-4, Silica
     titania 54427-26-8, Aluminum silicon titanium oxide 159995-97-8
     , Aluminum silicon oxide
     RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); TEM (Technical or engineered material
     use); USES (Uses)
        (flowability improvers; neg.-charging electrophotog. toners contq.
        vinyl copolymer charge control agents for forming fog-free high-d.
        images)
=> d kwic 11-20; fil stnguide
1.6
     ANSWER 11 OF 33 CA COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
TI
     Negatively charging electrophotographic toner
AB
     The title toner consists of toner mother particles and an hydrophobic
     external additives, wherein the external additive consists of hydrophobic
     aluminum oxide/silicone dioxide composite oxide particles. . . and
     hydrophobic fine metal oxide particles having larger work function than
     the hydrophobic aluminum oxide/silicone dioxide composite oxide particles.
     The toner shows decreased amt. of fogging toner and reverse-transfer
     toner and provides improved image-transfer efficiency.
ST
    neg charging electrophotog toner
IT
    Electrophotographic toners
        (neg. charging electrophotog. toner)
     13463-67-7, Titanium oxide, uses
IT
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (anatase; neg. charging electrophotog. toner)
     1344-28-1, Alumina, uses
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (external additive; neg. charging electrophotog. toner)
     1111-74-6, Dimethylsilane 7631-86-9, Silica, uses 159995-97-8,
     Silicon aluminum oxide
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (neg. charging electrophotog. toner)
IΤ
     999-97-3, Hexamethyldisilazane
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (surface treating agent of external additive; neg. charging
```

electrophotog. toner)

ANSWER 12 OF 33 CA COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN L6 hydrophobicized silica alumina composite toner fluidizing agent; aluminum silicon oxide toner fluidizing agent; electrophotog toner fluidizing agent charging stability IT 159995-97-8, Aluminum silicon oxide RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (hydrophobicized silica-alumina composite powders for fluidizing agents of electrophotog. toners) ANSWER 13 OF 33 CA COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN Electrophotographic magnetic toner showing improved developability and durability in high speed development system The title pos.-charging 3.0-9.0  $\mu\text{m}$  diam. magnetic toner comprises a AB binder resin 100 and a magnetic material 20-200 parts, wherein the magnetic material is 200-1000 nm diam. octahedron shape iron oxide particles comprised of Si-contg. cores coated with composite Fe oxide contg. Si and Zn, and the toner shows a  $tan\delta$  value of  $1.0 \times 10 - 3 - 1.0 \times 10 - 2$  at 30°,  $5.0 \times 103$  Hz. ST electrophotog magnetic toner octahedron iron oxide magnetite silicon zinc Polyesters, uses RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (binder in electrophotog. magnetic toner showing improved developability and durability in high speed development system) ΤT Electrophotographic developers (magnetic toners; electrophotog. magnetic toner showing improved developability and durability in high speed development system) 25767-47-9, Butyl acrylate-styrene copolymer ΙT RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (binder in electrophotog. magnetic toner showing improved developability and durability in high speed development system) IT 12673-39-1P, Iron silicon oxide 220333-68-6P, Iron silicon zinc oxide RL: PNU (Preparation, unclassified); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (electrophotog. magnetic toner showing improved developability and durability in high speed development system) 1317-61-9P, Iron oxide (Fe3O4), preparation IT RL: PNU (Preparation, unclassified); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (magnetite-type; electrophotog. magnetic toner showing improved developability and durability in high speed development system) ΙT 6834-92-0 7733-02-0, Zinc sulfate 7720-78-7 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (prepn. of magnetite particles for electrophotog, magentic toner) ANSWER 14 OF 33 CA COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN . . . with the photoreceptor surface and is placed in the downstream of the roller, and (c) a means for removal of toner from the cleaning roller by application of const. current bias voltage having the opposite polarity with the charged toner. The photoconductor of the said app. contains an interlayer, in between the conductive support and the photosensitive layer, which contains. . ΙT Polysiloxanes, uses RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (Me hydrogen, titania surface treated with; electrophotog. photoconductors with interlayers contg. surface-treated n-type

semiconductor particles for defect-free image formation in app.

```
equipped with toner cleaning rollers and blades)
ΙT
     Polysiloxanes, uses
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (di-Me, assumed monomers, titania surface treated with; electrophotog.
        photoconductors with interlayers contg. surface-treated n-type
        semiconductor particles for defect-free image formation in app.
        equipped with toner cleaning rollers and blades)
     Electrophotographic photoconductors (photoreceptors)
IT
        (interlayers; electrophotog. photoconductors with interlayers contg.
        surface-treated n-type semiconductor particles for defect-free image
        formation in app. equipped with toner cleaning rollers and
        blades)
IT
     Semiconductor materials
        (n-type; electrophotog. photoconductors with interlayers contq.
        surface-treated n-type semiconductor particles for defect-free image
        formation in app. equipped with toner cleaning rollers and
        blades)
ΙT
     55398-96-4, CM 8000
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (CM 8000, interlayer binder; electrophotog. photoconductors with
        interlayers contg. surface-treated n-type semiconductor particles for
        defect-free image formation in app. equipped with toner
        cleaning rollers and blades)
ΙT
     31900-57-9
                49718-23-2
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (assumed monomers, titania surface treated with; electrophotog.
        photoconductors with interlayers contg. surface-treated n\text{-type}
        semiconductor particles for defect-free image formation in app.
        equipped with toner cleaning rollers and blades)
     13463-67-7, Titania, uses 374712-25-1, TTO 55S
IT
                                                        374756-72-6, SMT 500SAS
     374759-13-4, UMT 500SAX 475584-80-6, STT 30AFS
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (surface-treated semiconductor particles; electrophotog.
        photoconductors with interlayers contg. surface-treated n-type
        semiconductor particles for defect-free image formation in app.
        equipped with toner cleaning rollers and blades)
     1344-28-1, Alumina, uses
                               3069-19-0, Hexyltrimethoxysilane
                                                                   3069-40-7,
     Octyltrimethoxysilane 9004-73-3, Poly[oxy(methylsilylene)]
     Dimethylpolysiloxane 17927-72-9, Diisopropoxytitanium
     bis(acetylacetonate)
                            74751-86-3, Butoxyzirconium tris(acetylacetonate)
     159995-97-8, Aluminum silicon oxide
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (titania surface treated with; electrophotog. photoconductors with
        interlayers contg. surface-treated n-type semiconductor particles for
       defect-free image formation in app. equipped with toner
        cleaning rollers and blades)
L6
     ANSWER 15 OF 33 CA COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ΤI
     Electrophotographic dry toner showing stable performance for extended
     period of time
AΒ
     The invention relates to an electrophotog. dry toner which contains
     TiO2-SiO2 ceramic additives to improve its electrophotog. properties.
     TiO2-SiO2 additive may be prepd. by a vapor method.
ST
     electrophotog dry toner titania silica ceramic additive
ΙT
     Electrophotographic toners
        (electrophotog. dry toner showing stable performance for
        extended period of time)
     7631-86-9, Silica, uses
                             13463-67-7, Titania, uses 159995-97-8,
     Aluminum silicon oxide 458540-86-8, F 4S20
                                                   458540-89-1, F 6S10
```

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)

performance for extended period of time)

(additive to electrophotog. dry toner for showing stable

```
L6
     ANSWER 16 OF 33 CA COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
TI
     Electrophotographic dry toner showing reduced filming on photoconductor
AB
     The title electrophotog. dry toner particles include alumina-silica
     composite oxide on their surfaces. The alumina-silica composite oxide is
     prepd. by a vapor phase method. The. . .
ST
     electrophotog dry toner reduced filming alumina silica composite oxide
IT
     Electrophotographic toners
        (electrophotog. dry toner contg. alumina-silica composite
        oxide additive for reducing filming on photoconductor surface)
IT 159995-97-8, Aluminum silicon oxide 453508-85-5, UFA 100S3
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (electrophotog. dry toner contg. alumina-silica composite
        oxide additive for reducing filming on photoconductor surface)
L6
     ANSWER 17 OF 33 CA COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ΤI
     Toner cleaning brush in electrophotographic imaging apparatus
     The invention relates to a toner cleaning brush in a cleaning unit of an
     electrophotog. imaging app., wherein the cleaning brush contains polar
     adsorbents. The polar. . . zeolite with ≥6-membered oxygen ring
     is suitable as the polar adsorbent. The electrophotog. imaging app.
     utilizes an amorphous-Si photoconductor. The toner cleaning brush
     effectively removes (ammonium nitrate) products formed on the
     photoconductor surface during discharging processes to achieve high
     quality images.
ST
     electrophotog toner cleaning brush imaging app polar adsorbent zeolite
IT
     Clays, uses
     RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
        (activated; polar adsorbent in electrophotog. toner cleaning
       brush for removing ammonium nitrate from photoconductor surface)
IT
     Cleaning
        (app.; electrophotog. toner cleaning brush with polar
        adsorbent for removing ammonium nitrate from photoconductor surface)
     Electrophotographic apparatus
        (electrophotog. toner cleaning brush with polar adsorbent for
        removing ammonium nitrate from photoconductor surface)
IT
    Adsorbents
        (in electrophotog. toner cleaning brush for removing ammonium
       nitrate from photoconductor surface)
IT
     Silica gel, uses
     Zeolites (synthetic), uses
     RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
        (polar adsorbent in electrophotog. toner cleaning brush for
        removing ammonium nitrate from photoconductor surface)
     1344-28-1, Alumina, uses
     RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
        (activated; polar adsorbent in electrophotog, toner cleaning
       brush for removing ammonium nitrate from photoconductor surface)
TТ
     7440-21-3, Silicon, uses
     RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
        (amorphous; electrophotog. toner cleaning brush with polar
       adsorbent for removing ammonium nitrate from photoconductor surface
       made up of)
    6484-52-2, Ammonium nitrate, processes
     RL: FMU (Formation, unclassified); REM (Removal or disposal); FORM
     (Formation, nonpreparative); PROC (Process)
        (electrophotog. toner cleaning brush for removing)
IT 159995-97-8, Aluminum silicon oxide
    RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
        (polar adsorbent in electrophotog. toner cleaning brush for
```

removing ammonium nitrate from photoconductor surface)

- L6 ANSWER 18 OF 33 CA COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
- AB . . . particles may contain magnetite as main component, etc. The Fe oxide particles are esp. suitable for material powder of magnetic toner, material powder for carrier of electrostatic latent image development, black pigment power for paints, etc.
- ST iron oxide particle silicon iron composite oxide coating prodn; magnetite particle silicon iron composite oxide coating prodn; magnetic toner coated iron oxide particle prodn; electrophotog carrier coated iron oxide particle prodn; paint black pigment coated iron oxide particle prodn
- IT 12673-39-1, Iron silicon oxide
  - RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (coatings; coated iron oxide particles and prodn. of same)
- L6 ANSWER 19 OF 33 CA COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
- AB . . . preferably made of porous ceramics. The app. is suitable for applying a release oil on an electrophotog. roller for fixing toner so that staining of printed paper by toner left on the roller is prevented.
- L6 ANSWER 20 OF 33 CA COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
- TI Electrophotographic toner image receptor paper showing excellent toner adhesion and blocking-resistance
- AB The title electrophotog. paper includes inorg. pigment particles comprised of silica and 1x10-5-20 % alumina in a toner receiving layer. The toner receiving layer comprises the inorg. pigment 5-1000 parts and a binder resin 100 parts.
- ST electrophotog toner image receptor paper silica alumina pigment binder
- IT Polyesters, uses
  - RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
    (binder; electrophotog. toner image receptor paper contg.
    silica and alumina pigments in toner receiving layer to
    improve toner adhesion and blocking-resistance)
- IT Electrophotographic paper
  - (receptor; electrophotog. toner image receptor paper contg. silica and alumina pigments in toner receiving layer to improve toner adhesion and blocking-resistance)
- IT 9002-89-5, PVA 117 37337-82-9, Vylon 200 103657-45-0, Acrydic A807 RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
  (binder; electrophotog. toner image receptor paper contg. silica and alumina pigments in toner receiving layer to improve toner adhesion and blocking-resistance)
- IT 1335-30-4, VP 3375 159995-97-8, Aluminum silicon oxide RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses) (electrophotog. toner image receptor paper contg. silica alumina pigments in toner receiving layer to improve

(electrophotog. toner image receptor paper contg. silica and alumina pigments in toner receiving layer to improve toner adhesion and blocking-resistance)

| TOTAL   |
|---------|
| SESSION |
| 59.47   |
|         |
| TOTAL   |
| SESSION |
| -14.91  |
|         |

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ENTRY SESSION
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- L6 ANSWER 21 OF 33 CA COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
- ST iron oxide octahedral particle dispersibility electrostatog toner; silicon content iron oxide particle coercive force; zinc iron oxide coating magnetite magnetic satn; flowability magnetite particle silicon content electrostatog toner
- IT 11129-48-9, Iron zinc oxide 12673-39-1, Iron silicon oxide
   12678-40-9, Aluminum iron oxide 157822-50-9, Aluminum iron silicon oxide
  RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
   (coatings; iron oxide octahedral particles with low coercive force and high magnetic satn.)
- L6 ANSWER 22 OF 33 CA COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
- AB . . . by desensitization, and extending pigments of inorg. particles contg. silica and alumina in one particle. The plate material shows good toner fixability, improved hydrophilicity, and printing durability.
- IT 1314-13-2, Sazex 2000, uses 1335-30-4, VP 3375 67256-35-3, Aerosil MOX
  170 159995-97-8, Aluminum silicon oxide
  RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)

```
(lithog. plate with image receiving layer contg. extending pigment)
     ANSWER 23 OF 33 CA COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
1.6
AB
     The title developer contains toner particles, which contains a binder
     resin and a colorant, and a fluidizing agent, wherein the fluidizing agent
     is fine powder.
                     . .
IT 159995-97-8P, Aluminum silicon oxide
     RL: PNU (Preparation, unclassified); TEM (Technical or engineered material
     use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (hydrophobizing agent for fluidizing agent in dry two-component
        developer contg. for electrostatog. image)
L6
     ANSWER 24 OF 33 CA COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
TI
     Iron oxide particle for electrophotographic toner and its manufacture
ST
     iron oxide particle manuf magnetite composite oxide electrophotog toner
     Electrophotographic developers
        (magnetic toners; iron oxide particle for electrophotog. toner
        and its manuf.)
IT 12673-39-1P, Iron silicon oxide
     RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); TEM (Technical or engineered material
     use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (composite oxide coating on magnetite particle for electrophotog.
        magnetic toner)
IT
     7429-90-5, Aluminum, uses 7439-98-7, Molybdenum, uses 7440-33-7,
     Tungsten, uses 7440-45-1, Cerium, uses 7723-14-0, Phosphorus, uses
     RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
        (in composite oxide coating on magnetite particle for electrophotog.
        magnetic toner)
TT
     1310-73-2, Sodium hydroxide, reactions 7720-78-7, Ferrous sulfate
     12627-13-3, Silicate
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (prepn. of magnetite particle for electrophotog. magnetic toner
     ANSWER 25 OF 33 CA COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
     Toner, image forming method and apparatus unit
AB
     A toner is disclosed which contains toner particles and a hydrophobic
     fine silica powder. The hydrophobic fine silica powder has the following
     hydrophobic properties: the transmittance of. . . vol. is 90% or more.
     Also, disclosed are an image forming method and an app. unit making use of
     the toner.
st
     electrophotog toner hydrophobic silica powder
     Polysiloxanes, uses
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (di-Me derivs.; electrophotog. toner contg. hydrophobic fine
        silica powder)
    Electrophotographic apparatus
IT
     Electrophotographic toners
     Electrophotography
        (electrophotog. toner contg. hydrophobic fine silica powder)
IT
     999-97-3, Hexamethyldisilazane 7631-86-9, Silica, uses 12049-50-2,
     Calcium titanate 12060-59-2, Strontium titanate 52337-09-4,
     Silicon titanium oxide
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (electrophotog. toner contg. hydrophobic fine silica powder)
L6
    ANSWER 26 OF 33 CA COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ΤI
     Electrophotographic toner with excellent properties
    The invention relates to the electrophotog. toner which contains
     (surface-modified) Al203-Si02 mixed oxides prepd. by thermal decompn. The
     surface modification ic carried out by hexamethyl disilazane, silicone.
```

```
ST
     electrophotog toner aluminum silicon oxide thermal decompn
ΤT
     Electrophotographic toners
     Thermal decomposition
        (electrophotog. toner with aluminum silicon mixed oxide
        prepd. by thermal decompn.)
TT
     Polysiloxanes, processes
     RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PROC (Process)
        (for surface treatment of aluminum silicon mixed oxide in
        electrophotog. toner)
     7446-70-0, Aluminum chloride, reactions
IT
                                             10026-04-7, Silicon chloride
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (electrophotog. toner with aluminum silicon mixed oxide
        prepd. by thermal decompn.)
IT 159995-97-8P, Aluminum silicon oxide
     RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); TEM (Technical or engineered material
     use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (electrophotog. toner with aluminum silicon mixed oxide
        prepd. by thermal decompn.)
ΙT
    556-67-2, Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane 999-97-3, Hexamethyl disilazane
     RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PROC (Process)
        (for surface treatment of aluminum silicon mixed oxide in
        electrophotog. toner)
     ANSWER 27 OF 33 CA COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
     electrophotog toner titanium complex charge controller; magnetic iron
     mixed oxide electrophotog toner; polyol titanium coordination compd
     charge controller; wax electrophotog toner additive
IT 12673-39-1, Iron silicon oxide 12789-35-4, Iron magnesium oxide
     39361-81-4, Iron zirconium oxide 60240-58-6, Iron phosphorus oxide
     157822-50-9, Aluminum iron silicon oxide 220333-68-6, Iron silicon zinc
     oxide 220333-69-7, Iron phosphorus silicon oxide
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (colorant; titanium complex charge controllers in electrophotog. toners
        for clear image formation under high- and low moisture conditions)
     ANSWER 28 OF 33 CA COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
1.6
     Electrophotographic magnetic toner containing phenol-aldehyde condensate
ΤI
     charge-controlling agent
     The toner contains (A) a condensate of PhOH or its deriv. and an
AB
     aldehyde and (B) magnetic Fe oxide contg. ≥0.05 wt.%.
     contains ≥2 kinds of condensates having different unit nos. and
     comprises chain condensates or their mixts. with cyclic condensates. The
     toner shows stable charging property at low humidity and high humidity.
     magnetic toner phenol aldehyde charge controller; electrophotog magnetic
     toner phenol charge controller; iron oxide electrophotog magnetic toner
IT
     Electrophotographic developers
        (magnetic toners; electrophotog. magnetic toner contg.
        phenol-aldehyde condensate charge-controlling agent)
     Phenolic resins, preparation
IT
     RL: PNU (Preparation, unclassified); TEM (Technical or engineered material
     use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (oligomeric; electrophotog. magnetic toner contg.
        phenol-aldehyde condensate charge-controlling agent)
ΙT
     1314-23-4P, Zirconia, preparation 7631-86-9P, Silica, preparation
     RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); PNU (Preparation, unclassified); PREP
     (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (coating for iron oxide; electrophotog. magnetic toner contg.
        phenol-aldehyde condensate charge-controlling agent)
IT
     11129-48-9P, Iron zinc oxide 12673-39-1P, Iron silicon oxide
     12789-35-4P, Iron magnesium oxide 60240-58-6P, Iron phosphorus oxide
     157822-50-9P, Aluminum iron silicon oxide
     RL: PNU (Preparation, unclassified); TEM (Technical or engineered material
```

```
use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (electrophotog. magnetic toner contg. phenol-aldehyde
        condensate charge-controlling agent)
TТ
     221873-47-8P 224054-10-8P 224054-11-9P 224187-47-7P
     224187-49-9P 224187-51-3P
                                  224187-52-4P 224187-53-5P 224187-55-7P
     224187-57-9P 224187-60-4P
     RL: PNU (Preparation, unclassified); TEM (Technical or engineered material
     use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (oligomeric; electrophotog. magnetic toner contg.
        phenol-aldehyde condensate charge-controlling agent)
L6
    ANSWER 29 OF 33 CA COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ΤI
    Electrophotographic toner containing dimeric phenol-aldehyde condensate
     The title toner comprises a resin binder, a magnetic Fe oxide contq.
     ≥0.05 wt.% (based on Fe) diverse elements, and a dimeric
     condensate. . . aryl, aralkyl, alicyclic group, alkenyl, silyl, acyl
     (these groups may be substituted with OH, halo, CO2H, alkyl, or acyl)].
     The toner shows stable charging properties and provides high-quality
     images under low- and high-moisture conditions.
ST
    electrophotog toner magnetic phenol aldehyde condensate; iron oxide
    magnetic electrophotog toner
ΙT
    Electrophotographic developers
        (magnetic toners; electrophotog. toner contg. magnetic Fe
        mixed oxide and dimeric phenol-aldehyde condensate)
IT
    3772-19-8 6538-35-8 220333-62-0
                                         220333-63-1 220333-64-2
     220333-65-3
                  220333-66-4 220333-67-5
    RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); TEM (Technical or engineered material
     use); USES (Uses)
        (electrophotog. toner contg. magnetic Fe mixed oxide and
        dimeric phenol-aldehyde condensate)
IT 12673-39-1, Iron silicon oxide 12789-35-4, Iron magnesium oxide
     39361-81-4, Iron zirconium oxide 60240-58-6, Iron phosphorus oxide
     157822-50-9, Aluminum iron silicon oxide 220333-68-6, Iron silicon zinc
     oxide 220333-69-7, Iron phosphorus silicon oxide
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (electrophotog. toner contg. magnetic Fe mixed oxide and
        dimeric phenol-aldehyde condensate)
L6
    ANSWER 30 OF 33 CA COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ΤI
    Magnetic iron oxide (magnetite) particle for magnetic toner, and
    magnetic toner
AB
     . . . of the clamed magnetite. Magnetic toners contq. the claimed
    magnetite are also claimed. The magnetite is resistant to falling from
    toner particles, and the claimed toners show high fluidity.
    silicon magnetite particle magnetic toner; electrog toner magnetite
    surface treated; electrophotog toner magnetite surface treated; iron
    silicon oxide particle magnetic; hydrophobicized magnetite particle toner
IT
    Hydrophobicity
        (agents, coatings; magnetic Fe oxide (magnetite) particle contg. Si for
       magnetic toner)
IT
    Coupling agents
        (coatings; magnetic Fe oxide (magnetite) particle contq. Si for
        magnetic toner)
IT
    Electrographic toners
    Electrophotographic toners
    Magnetic particles
        (magnetic Fe oxide (magnetite) particle contg. Si for magnetic
        toner)
IT
    2530-87-2, A 143
    RL: DEV (Device component use); TEM (Technical or engineered material
    use); USES (Uses)
        (coupling agent, coatings; magnetic Fe oxide (magnetite) particle
```

contg. Si for magnetic toner) ΙT 4669-02-7, Isopalmitic acid 61417-49-0, Plenact TTS RL: DEV (Device component use); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (hydrophobicizing agent, coatings; magnetic Fe oxide (magnetite) particle contg. Si for magnetic toner) IT 12673-39-1P, Iron silicon oxide RL: DEV (Device component use); IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (magnetic; magnetic Fe oxide (magnetite) particle contg. Si for magnetic toner) ANSWER 31 OF 33 CA COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN Decalcomania of ceramic article using transfer sheet having reverse toner image formed by electrophotography The title decalcomania sheet comprises a transfer sheet coated with a AΒ toner having a reverse image and mainly contg. a thermoplastic resin, an elec. charge-controlling agent, and an inorg. pigment; the toner layer if formed by electrophotog. The toner may contain a glass component. Decalcomania of a ceramic article is carried out by laminating and firing the sheet. ΙT Frits (in toner; decalcomania of ceramic article using sheet having reverse image formed by electrophotog.) Polyesters, processes RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PROC (Process); USES (Uses) (in toner; decalcomania of ceramic article using sheet having reverse image formed by electrophotog.) IT 174633-44-4, Silicon zirconium oxide RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (pigment in toner; decalcomania of ceramic article using sheet having reverse image formed by electrophotog.) ANSWER 32 OF 33 CA COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN ΤI Toner for developing electrostatic image AB The title toner comprises toner particles contg. a binder resin and a colorant and, as an external additive, inorg. fine particles including metal oxide particles. . .  $\mu m$  or silicone oil-contg. Si oxide particles or Si complex oxide particles with av. particle size 0.03-50  $\mu\text{m}$ , and the toner may have the above-mentioned endothermic peak and shape factors, SF-1 and SF-2, measure by image anal., satisfying the following conditions: . . include inorg. carbide, metal carbonate particles, silicone oil-contg. SiO2 or Si composite oxide with regulated av. particle size and the toner may have the above-mentioned endothermic peak. Since the toner shows back-transfer from image-supporting substrate to photoconductor under high elec. current, high d. images are obtained. ST electrophotog toner back transfer resistance; inorg fine metal oxide additive toner; endothermic peak regulated electrophotog toner Polysiloxanes, uses RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses) (amino-contg.; electrophotog. toner contg. inorg. fine particle as external additive treated with) IT Electrophotographic toners (electrophotog. toner contg. inorg. fine particle as external additive showing back-transfer resistance)

IT

IT

Polysiloxanes, uses

additive treated with) Hydrocarbon waxes, uses

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)

(electrophotog. toner contg. inorg. fine particle as external

24

```
RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
        (electrophotog. toner having regulated endothermic peaks
        contq.)
ΙT
     Alcohols, uses
     RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
        (long-chain; electrophotog. toner having regulated
        endothermic peaks contg.)
TT
     Polyolefins
     RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
        (wax; electrophotog. toner having regulated endothermic peaks
        contg.)
     9016-00-6, Dimethylsiloxane 31900-57-9, Dimethylsilanediol homopolymer
IT
     RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
        (electrophotog. toner contg. inorg. fine particle as external
        additive treated with)
ΙT
     409-21-2, Silicon carbide, uses 471-34-1, Calcium carbonate, uses
     513-77-9, Barium carbonate 1314-13-2, Zinc oxide, uses 1314-23-4,
     Zirconium oxide, uses 1317-61-9, Iron oxide (Fe304), uses 1344-28-1,
     Alumina, uses 1633-05-2, Strontium carbonate 7631-86-9, Silica, uses
     12014-74-3, Cerium oxide (CeO)
                                     12049-50-2, Calcium titanium oxide
               12060-59-2, Strontium titanium oxide (SrTiO3)
     Boron carbide 12070-08-5, Titanium carbide 13451-00-8, Strontium
     metasilicate 13463-67-7, Titania, uses 159995-97-8, Aluminum
     silicon oxide
     RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
        (powd.; electrophotog. toner contg. inorg. fine particle as
        external additive showing back-transfer resistance)
ΙT
     9002-88-4, Polyethylene
     RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
        (wax; electrophotog. toner having regulated endothermic peaks
        contq.)
     ANSWER 33 OF 33 CA COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
     Magnetite particles for magnetic toner and their manufacture
     magnetite manuf magnetic toner; iron zinc oxide coating magnetite
IT
     Oxidation
        (magnetite particles coated with iron zinc oxide for magnetic
        toner and their manuf.)
ΙT
    Recording materials
        (magnetic, magnetite particles coated with iron zinc oxide for magnetic
        toner and their manuf.)
IT
     11129-48-9P, Iron zinc oxide 12673-39-1P, Iron silicon oxide
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); MOA (Modifier or additive use); TEM
     (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (coating; magnetite particles coated with iron zinc oxide for magnetic
        toner and their manuf.)
    1317-61-9P, Iron oxide (fe3o4), uses
ΙT
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material
     use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (magnetite particles coated with iron zinc oxide for magnetic
        toner and their manuf.)
IT
     1344-09-8, Sodium silicate
                                7720-78-7
                                              7733-02-0, Zinc sulfate
     RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); RCT (Reactant); PROC
     (Process); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (magnetite particles coated with iron zinc oxide for magnetic
        toner and their manuf.)
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS
                                                 SINCE FILE
                                                                 TOTAL
```

FULL ESTIMATED COST

ENTRY

18.19

SESSION

77.78

DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)
SINCE FILE TOTAL
ENTRY SESSION
CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE
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COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

SINCE FILE TOTAL
ENTRY SESSION

FULL ESTIMATED COST

DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)

SINCE FILE TOTAL

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L6 ANSWER 24 OF 33 CA COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

#### Full Text

AN 134:23487 CA

- II Iron oxide particle for electrophotographic toner and its manufacture
- IN Watanabe, Hiroyuki; Katsuyama, Koichi
- PA Mitsui Mining and Smelting Co., Ltd., Japan
- SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 8 pp. CODEN: JKXXAF
- DT Patent
- LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

| PI          | JP 2000335921                        | A2       |               | JP 1999-150694               | 19990528       |
|-------------|--------------------------------------|----------|---------------|------------------------------|----------------|
|             | JP 3595196                           | B2       |               |                              |                |
|             | JP 2005015337                        |          |               | JP 2004-225268               | 20040802       |
| PRAI        | JP 1999-150694                       | A3       | 19990528      |                              |                |
| L6          | ANSWER 27 OF 33 CA                   | COPY     | RIGHT 2006 A  | CS on STN                    |                |
| <u>Full</u> | <u>Text</u>                          |          |               |                              |                |
| AN          | 132:214753 CA                        |          |               |                              |                |
| TI          |                                      |          | s for format  | ion of stable images         | under high and |
|             | low moisture condit                  |          |               |                              |                |
| IN          | Tanigawa, Hirohide;                  | Kobor:   | i, Naokuni    |                              |                |
| PA          | •                                    | e-1 2:   | -             |                              |                |
| so          | Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo F<br>CODEN: JKXXAF | cono, 3  | / pp.         |                              |                |
| DT          | Patent                               |          |               |                              |                |
| LA          | Japanese                             |          |               |                              |                |
|             | CNT 1                                |          |               |                              |                |
|             | PATENT NO.                           | KIND     | DATE          | APPLICATION NO.              | DATE           |
|             |                                      |          |               |                              |                |
| PI          |                                      | A2       | 20000314      | JP 1998-243683               | 19980828       |
| PRAI        | JP 1998-243683                       |          | 19980828      |                              |                |
| • •         | ANGUED OF SE                         |          |               | go                           |                |
| L6          | ANSWER 29 OF 33 CA<br>Text           | Y COPAI  | KIGHT 2006 A  | CS on STN                    |                |
| AN          |                                      |          |               | •                            |                |
| TI          |                                      | toner    | containing    | dimeric phenol-aldehy        | ide condendate |
| IN          | Tanigawa, Hirohide;                  |          |               | pricriot-arucity             | as condensate  |
| PA          |                                      |          | , <del></del> |                              |                |
| so          | Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo K                  | Koho, 14 | 1 pp.         |                              |                |
|             | CODEN: JKXXAF                        |          |               |                              |                |
| DT          | Patent                               |          |               |                              |                |
| LA          | Japanese                             |          |               |                              |                |
| FAN.        | CNT 1                                |          |               |                              |                |
|             | PATENT NO.                           | KIND     |               | APPLICATION NO.              |                |
| PI          | JP 11030880                          | A2       | 19990202      | JP 1997-184846               | 19970710       |
|             | JP 3634572                           | B2       | 20050330      | J. 1777-104040               | 19970710       |
| PRAI        | JP 1997-184846                       |          | 19970710      |                              |                |
| os          | MARPAT 130:175279                    |          |               |                              |                |
| _           |                                      |          |               |                              |                |
| L6          | ANSWER 30 OF 33 CA                   | COPY     | RIGHT 2006 A  | CS on STN                    |                |
|             | Text                                 |          |               |                              |                |
| AN          | 129:128971 CA                        | <i>t</i> |               | -1 - 6                       |                |
| TI          | magnetic iron oxide                  | (magne   | ecice, parti  | cle for magnetic <b>tone</b> | er, and        |
| IN          |                                      | Aoki N   | Joritaka. Mi  | sawa, Hiromitsu; Miya        | zaki Chizana   |
|             | Uchida, Naoki                        | r        | ·orreana; Mi  | bama, nilumitsu; Mlya        | Laki, Shigenor |
| PA          | Toda Kogyo Corp., J                  | apan     |               |                              |                |
| so          | Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo K                  |          | 3 pp.         |                              |                |
|             | CODEN: JKXXAF                        | -        |               |                              |                |
| DT          | Patent                               |          |               |                              |                |
| LА          | Japanese                             |          |               |                              |                |
| FAN.        | CNT 1                                |          |               |                              |                |
|             | PATENT NO.                           | KIND     |               | APPLICATION NO.              | DATE           |
| ΡI          | JP 10182163                          | A2       | 19990707      | TD 1006 356040               |                |
|             | JP 3578191                           | B2       | 20041020      | JP 1996-356840               | 19961225       |
| PRAT        | JP 1996-356840                       | 52       | 19961225      |                              |                |
|             |                                      |          | 1001223       |                              |                |
| L6          | ANSWER 31 OF 33 CA                   | COPYR    | RIGHT 2006 A  | CS on STN                    |                |
| Full        | Text                                 |          |               | •                            |                |

AN 129:18873 CA

- TI Decalcomania of ceramic article using transfer sheet having reverse toner image formed by electrophotography
- IN Kawase, Hiromitsu; Oshima, Koichi; Enokimoto, Takamichi; Kuramoto, Shinichi
- PA Ricoh Co., Ltd., Japan
- SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 5 pp. CODEN: JKXXAF

CODER. U

DT Patent

LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

|      | PATENT NO.     | KIND | DATE     | APPLICATION NO. | DATE     |
|------|----------------|------|----------|-----------------|----------|
|      |                |      |          |                 |          |
| ΡI   | JP 10114197    | A2   | 19980506 | JP 1996-287444  | 19961009 |
| PRAI | JP 1996-287444 |      | 19961009 |                 |          |

L6 ANSWER 33 OF 33 CA COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

# Full Text

AN 125:210904 CA

- TI Magnetite particles for magnetic toner and their manufacture
- IN Hashiuchi, Masachika; Yoshimaru, Katsuhiko; Watanabe, Hiroyuki
- PA Mitsui Mining Smelting Co, Japan
- SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 6 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

|      | PATENT NO.    | KIND | DATE     | APPLICATION NO. | DATE     |
|------|---------------|------|----------|-----------------|----------|
|      |               |      |          |                 |          |
| PI   | JP 08208236   | A2   | 19960813 | JP 1995-34683   | 19950201 |
|      | JP 3419941    | B2   | 20030623 |                 | •        |
| PRAI | JP 1995-34683 |      | 19950201 |                 |          |

| COST IN U.S. DOLLARS                       | SINCE FILE | TOTAL   |
|--|------------|---------|
|  | ENTRY      | SESSION |
| FULL ESTIMATED COST                        | 6.98       | 85.12   |
|  | •          |         |
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|  | ENTRY      | SESSION |
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